THE DISPATCH FOUNDED 1866

WHOLE NUMBER 16,796

RICHMOND, VA., SUNDAY, MARCH 19, 1905.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

WARNER ELECTED HOUSE IN UPROAR

Wild Disorder in Missouri Legislature During Last Hours.

DEADLOCK BROKEN: ALSO BIG CLOCK.

Attempt Made to Tear Presiding Officer From His Seat-Timepiece Smashed as Hour for Adjournment Drew Near. Democrats Stand by Mr. Cockrell.

(By Associated Press.)

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., March 18.—
Amid scenes of the widest disorder,
Major William Warner, Republican, of
Kansas City, was to-day elected United
States Senator from Missouri to succeed
Francis Marion Cockroll, the Democratic
Senator, whose term expires March 4, and
who has occupied the office since 184. The

who has occupied the office since 1843. He election of Major Warner ended the dead-lock in the Legislature that began when the first joint ballot was taken in January 18. To-day's joint session was the forty-fifth, and the elective ballot was the sixty-seventh.

From the beginning the Democrats steadfastly voted for their calcus nominee. F. M. Cockrell, while the majority of the Republicans voted for Thomas K. Neldringhaus, of St. Louis, chairman of the State Central Committee and caucus nominee. The caucus nominee was opposed by Richard C. Kerens, of St. Louis, former Republican national committeeman, and his adherents refused to leave him. This resulted in the splitting of the Republican vote and more than a score of candidates were named in the different joint ballots.

Wild Disorder.

Wild Disorder.

When the balloting opened to-day Warner, Niedringhaus and Cockrell were the principal contestants, with a small vote for Kerens and a scattering vote for Peck, Parker and Bartholdt. On the second ballot the supporters of Kerens returned to him and remained until the end. Cockrell's vote was undiminished and remained so throughout. Warner advanced by drawing from Niedringhaus. Little change was made during the next four bullots, while the Democrats clamored for adjournment and the Republicans endeavored to fight through to a successful finish.

The wildest disorder prevailed and time and again the proceedings were brought to a standstill by the turmolf. In the midst of this, after the sixth ballot had been taken, R. C. Kerens advanced to the rostrum and in a few words urged that if it was the desire of the assembly to elect Warner, he be elected. This was practically a withdrawal of Kerens and solved the deadlock.

Difforts were made to stop a roll call on the seventh ballot and there was an attempt to tear the presiding officer from his chair and the Democrats tried to effect an adjournment without an election. The

adjournment without an election. The for sine die adjournment had be-

Voted for Republican.

Voted for Kepublican.

Senator Kinney, of St. Louis, (Demorat), boiled Cockrell for Niedringhaus
in the last ballet casting the only vote
or the former Republican caucus nomiee. Senator Kinney said;
"Mr. Niedringhaus has been my friend
or fifteen years, a good personal friend,
and I want to give him my vote, although
regret to leave the Democratic caucus
iominee, whom I do not even know."

Well Known Lawyer.

(By Associated Press.)

KANSAS CITY, MO., March 18.—Major William Warner, who was to-day elected United States senator to succeed Francis M. Cockrell, has practiced law in Kansas City since 1895, and is one of the leading members of the bar, He is United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri.

of Missouri.

Major Warner was born in Wisconsin in Major Warner was born in Wisconsin in 1840, and educated at the Lawrence University of Wisconsin and University of Michigan. He was admitted to the bar just before the Civil War, through which he served with distinction in the Thirty-third and Forty-fourth Regiments. He has held many public offices.

NEGRO LUNATICS IN FIGHT: ONE KILLED PROSPECTS ARE BRIGHT

FIGHT: ONE KILLED

(By Associated Press.)

KNONVILLE, TENN, March 18,-In the dining-room of the negro department of the State Asylum for the Insane at Lyon's View, near this city, a tragedy was enacted to-night with only an audience of insane people to witness it. As the many patients were being seated, Supervisor Walter Harden and James Johnson, an attendant, renewed a quarrel, which arose between them early in the afternoon. Glasses and plates were thrown by the men until Harden pulled a pistol and shot Johnson, wounding him in one hand. Excited by the confusion. Albert Weatheton, a big, burly negro, insane almost from birth, grabbed up a chair and advanced on Harden, the latter retreating as fast as possible. Thinking his life in danger, Harden fixed twice at Wheatheton, and the negro fell to the floor a corpse. Much excitement was caused, the insane patients running about madly, Harden was disarmed and later sent to jail.

BIG REWARD OFFERED

FOR NEGRO MURDERER (Special to The Times-Dispatch,) COVINGTON, VA., March 18.—Two hundred and fifty dollars' reward has been offered for the capture of Williams lansbury, the negro who murdered J. R. McKean, steward at Homestead Hotel,

festing great interest and there is every assurance that many of them will be represented with suitable buildings and good exhibits.

Mr. C. R. Kelley, of the Department of Publicity, said to-night that he had very gratifying assurances that the State of New Jersey will have a creditable representation at the exposition. An appropriation will be included in the general budget now being prepared. Mr. I. J. Wool, general counsel for the exposition, will appear before the Finance Committee on Monday and General Lee will address the General Assembly in about two weeks. Missouri has decided to send the magnificent exhibit it had at St. Louis and it is expected that an appropriation for a handsome building will be made at the next session of the General Assembly of that State.

North Carolina, Maryland, Georgia, Missouri and New Jérsey and practically in line and Pennsylvania has a bill pending looking to a creditable exhibit. Hot Springs, yesterday,
Hanshury is described as follows: Age,
\$2; five feet ten, 175 pounds, mulatto,
small eyes, full set of teeth, hair out

The officers have no clue as to where he is. McKean's tody was sent to Key Port, N. J., to-night.

POINTER ON THE WEATHER At 1 A. M.

CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.
chmond's weather yesterday was clear
moderate. Range of the Thermo-

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

FINE MEETING ON CHESTNUT HIL

Mayor McCarthy Makes Strong and Convincing Speech for Annexation.

SITTERDING IS A CONVERT

Was Against Annexation, But is Now Heartily in Fa-

tee ought to leave out the farms, said the speaker, and he named several persons owning tracis of twenty to forty acres in the territory which the Progress Committee desires to annex. I think they have extended the line a little further than they ought. Mr. Sitterding referred to the enhancement of the value of the Allen property in the West End, and added that he would like for that thing

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

FOR THE EXPOSITION

tion and Other States Fall-

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
NORFOLK, VA., March 18.—The pros-

pects for the complete success of the

Jamestown Exposition are rowing

brighter every day. The States are mani-

festing great interest and there is every

assurance that many of them will be

ing in Line.

ANNEXATION IS WHAT THEY WANT

Prominent Men Express Themselves Strongly in Favor of It.

WOULD INCLUDE NORTHSIDE SUBURBS

Barton Heights and Chestnut Hill, as Well as Fairmount, Are Expressly Mentioned. Scarcely a Dissenting Voice From Any Section of the City.

A munber of progressive Richmond mer were asked if they favored the annexa

A J. Chewning:
"Replying to yours just received we have to say that we are in hearty accord with the plan of taking Barton Heights. Chestnut Hill and Fairmount in the city as well as a considerable slip adjoining the West End on the south."

Stewart M. Woodward:
"I am heartily in favor of including Barton Heights, Chestnut Hill and Fairmount in the territory to be annexed to Richmond, and consider it absolutely essential for the future growth and development of the city, that these suburbs should be brought within the corporation line."

Leroy E. Brown:

"Yes, I am in favor of extending the corporate line, not only annexing Barton Heights, Chestnut Hill and Fairmount, but also to extend it to the present line of the jurisdiction of the Hustings Court."

John C. Freeman:
"Will say that I am in favor of an extension of the corporate limits of the city of Richmond, provided it is wisely done. I am unable to say, without more information, whether it would be wise to sannex Barton Heights, Chestnut Hill and Fairmount or not, and, therefore, cannot answer your question more definitely."

John B. Minor:
"I am most heartly in favor of annexing Barton Heights, Chestnut Hill and Fairmount to the city of Richmond, and of issuing bonds sufficient to equip outlying territory at once with public improvements."

of our suburbs. The lands are sold at very moderate prices, which affords the opportunity for persons of moderate means to own their homes, and we think that section should be developed with city improvements at as early a date as practicable."

business men of Kansas. Governor Hoch was the center of attention. Ida M. Tarbell was also received enthusiastically. Governor Hoch made an address, in which he said:

"This is not a war upon the Standard Oil Company. It is a war upon its meththat formerly he was opposed to annexa-tion, but his interests were divided and that now he was not so much opposed, and was ready to acquiesce in whatever was dope. I think the Progress Commit-tee ought to leave out the farms, said the

Geo, L. Christian:
"I am in favor of extending the corporate limits of the city, and, unless there are physical and financial difficulties in the way (as to which I am not advised), I think the extension should

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

Carrying 36 People, Has

Been Wrecked.

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Advices from Unga, Alaska, dated March 10th via

schooner Pearl, which sailed from here

December 7th last, for Sanak, Alaska,

has not yet arrived. New lumber and

other wreckage has drifted ashore at

Sanak, and it is expected that the vessel

with all on board, numbering thirty-six

persons, was lost on a rock off Sanak.

The Pearl is a schooner of one hundred

tons, belonging to the Alaska Cod Fish-

ing Company. _She was in command of

Captain Emil Soderholm, an experienced

mariner who was faminar with naviga-

tion among the Alcutian Islands, p Lunding was first mate, and M. Tierney,

Theatre Collapses; Many Killed.

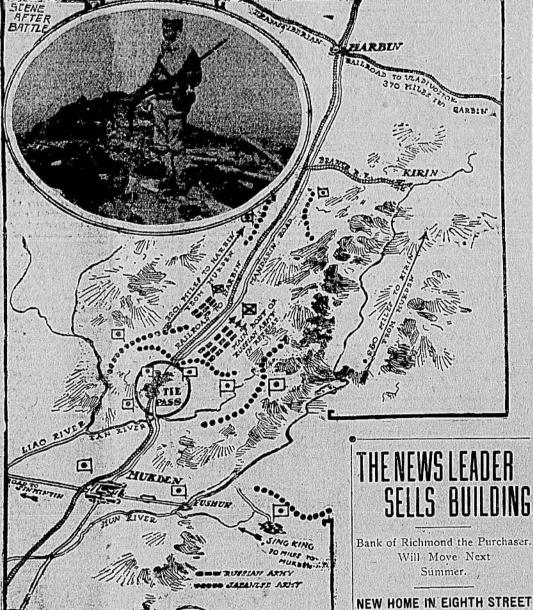
SANTIAGO DE CHILE, Mar. 18-10:80 P. M.-As a result of the collapse of the Lyric Theatre here to-night, many persons were killed or injured.

second mate.

FEAR LOSS OF BOAT

New Jersey to Make Appropria- Believed That Schooner Pearl,

MAP SHOWING THE MOVEMENT OF THE OPPOSING FORCES IN THE FAR EAST



at Convention of Oil Pro-

ducers of Kansas. (By Associated Press.)

KANSAS, CITY, March 18 .- A specia o the Star from Independence, Kansas,

Oil Company. It is a war upon its methods. It is not an attack upon this great corporation. It is an attack upon the commercial policies. It is not an attempt to drive the Standard Oil Company out of this State. It is an attempt to compel it the be desput. o be decent.

"This is not a socialistic movement, but WITH ALL ON BOARD

to be decent.

"This is not a socialistic movement, but the very reverse of it. Thoroughly convinced by long study and much thought that the socialistic idea of government in private business is radically wrong, I have entertained with caution any and every proposition tending toward governmental absorption of business enterprises, which cannot be left wisely to industrial efforts. This refinery movement of ours, I repeat, is not a socialistic movement. It has the semblance of socialism, but its soul is that of competition.

"In my judgment Mr. Rockefeller, and I mention him merely in his representative enpacity, is doing more to multiply socialists and make socialism popular than all the professional propagandists of that fascinating fallacy in the United States are doing, and the Standard Oil Company is, in its essential character, the most gigantic socialistic concern in the country. Its aim and end is the aim and end of socialism, the destruction of competition, and in battling against it we know that we are battling for and not against the competitive system, and no superficulal alarmists can convince us to the contrary." the contrary.'

WANTHELP TO-DAY.

The 181 advertisements for help published in to-day's Times-Disputch on page 11 are as follows:

42 Trades, 31 Agents, 11 Office, 33 Miscellaneous, 14 Domestic, This not only interests those out of work, but those desiring to in prove their positions as well.

Three Thousand People Present Great Flames of Fire Burst From Mouths of Red Ash and Rush Run.

impossible at this time to ascertain the cause of the explosion.

One Killed, Many Hurt.

One Killed, Many Hurt.

DETROIT, MICH., March 18.—A TM-bune special from Owosso, Mich., says:

A northbound Ann Arbor passenger train collided head-on to-day was a southbound freight engine running light north of Mesick. John Doyle, fireman of the passenger train, was instantly killed. Three trainment los a leg and four passengers and three sectionmen suffered loss serious injuries.

Price Paid Not Given Out. Bank Officials Are

rear of Galeski's building. The negotia-

"At any rate, the News Lender will

A. B. Williams, president of the News Leader Company, made the abov

skyscraper, Mr. Williams said:

the building will be torn down."

Mr. Frederick E. Nolting, vice-president

Mr. Frederick E. Nolting, vice-president, was asked to make a statement. Mr. Nolting said:

"I have absolutely nothing to say for publication. I am sorry, but I cannot tell you anything at this time."

"Are the deeds signed?" asked The Times-Dispatch man.

"No, they are not." replied Mr. Nolting. It is rumored that the deal will be completed on Wednesday and announcement made at that time.

The largest stockholders of the News Leader Company control the Bank of Richmond.

MOUNT VESUVIUS IS

FRENCH NOBLEMAN CAPTURED BY ARABS

Case of Count di Segonzae Resembles Perdicaris Affair. Insurgents Get City.

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, March 18.-Count de Segonzac who was sent by the Moroccan Commission to investigate the commercial condition of Morocco has been captured by Arabs. The case resembles the Perdic-aris affair. The incident causes excite-ment owing to France's policy of assum-ing paramount control in Morocco.

(By Associated Press.)

ADEN, ARABIA, March 18.—It is reported that Sanaa, capital of the province of Yemen, with its garrison of 5,000 men, has fallen into the hands of the Arab insurgents. The governor, it is added, had previously offered to surrender but his terms were not acceptable to the besiceors.

AGAIN IN ERUPTION

Throwing Out Burning Lava and Red-Hot Stones-Many Witness Spectacle.

(By Associated Press.)

NAPLES, March 18 .- Mount Vesuvius is again in eruption, and is throwing out burning lava, red hot stones and a high column of smoke, while detonations are heard at long distances. The cruption is attributed to an earthquaks, which was felt for eighty miles.

Many foreigners, including a number of Americans, have been attracted by the magnificent spectacle, but are unable to approach the crater because of the im-mense quantities of incandescent matter that is being emitted.

Japanese Loan.

Paintings and Statuary Burned,
(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, March 18.—Many valuable paintings and pleces of statuary and articles used in instruction were destroyed to-day by a fire which damaged the building occupied by the National Academy of Design at One Hundred and Ninth Street and Amsterdam Avenue.

Japanese Loan,
(By Associated Press.)
BERLIN, March 18.—The Frankfurter Zeitung says that the negotiations with Berlin's banks for the Japanese loan is nearing conclusion. The loan will be at 5 per cent, interest, but its amount is not stated. The German Asiatle Bank heads the group of banks interested. The other banks include all of the larger Berlip institutions.

TO ENTER HARBIN IN THREE WEEKS

This is Boast of Oyama. Hearing Which Russians are Disturbed.

HEAVY REAR-GUARD FIGHT IN PROGRESS

Mobilization of New Army May Cause Disorders in Russia. Police in Moscow Unearth Revolutionary Plot-Kuropatkin Relinquishes His Command.

(By Associated Press.)
YINKOW, MANCHURIA, March
18.—It is reported that the Russian
rear guard is fighting a heavy action

(By Associated Press.)
HARBIN, March 13—(Noon).—The
Chinese here are in an excited state,
and say notification has been received
that the Japanese will enter Harbin

Many Chinese refugees are from the south. They report ill treat-ment by Japanese, and say that Russian-speaking Chinamen are hanged head downward, and placarded "the great Russian translator." They say also that the Japanese take all supplies gratts, and that one Japanese general answering a

dogs were not deserving of any other treatment."

It is reported among the Mongols that some time ago a large body of Japanese penetrated deeply into the country westward of Simmintin, but were expelled. The Japanese are reported to have sent out a second and larger detachment.

With the many wounded who are arriving at Harbin from the southernward are crowds of Russian inhabitants of the region evacuated and employes of the railroad.

RUSSIANS REASSURED.

Oyama's Prediction, However, Likely to Cause Consternation-Situation at Home.

(By Associated Press.) ST. PETERSBURG, March 19-1 A. ST. PETERSBURG, March 19-1 A. MiThe reports of the retiring commanderin-chief and the new commander in Manchuria, which were issued here yesterday,
while relieving the immediate feat of the
Russian people that the Manchurian
army already is cut off, and confirming
information already received that the
retirement is in full progress, throw no
further light on the condition of losses of
the army, and contain no disquieting in-

the army, and contain no disquieting in-formation.

The city of Fakoma, which is well in the Russian rear, has been seized by

army has retired in good order. The momentary panies affected only the soldiers who were crowded among the transports in charge of mixed and undisciplined drivers and fleeing civilians causing the loss, however, of a great amount of supplies and a great number of cannon, which otherwise they would have been able to bring off.

Though the monalization orders may bring on disturbances and even uprisings, for the moment the internal condition is somewhat better. The principal peasant disturbances have been quieted. Though sporadic disorders still exist, there has been no general spread as was dreaded, and the authorities have manifested their ability to cope with the situation. The strikes have also largely ceased, and the industrial activity has been resumed, until May 1st at least, when the social democrats profess an intention to renew the economic agitation.

Dire Forebodings.

Dire Forebodings.

March 18—2:10 P. M.—Telegraphic com-munication with the retreating Russian army has been cut off for over twenty-four hours, but the authorities hope it is only temporarily, and say that they have no information that the Japanese have

no information that the Japanese have reuched the railroad in General Linevitch's rear.

Nevertheless, with the curtain down, the war office naturally is the prey of the direst forebodings. The last word from the front was contained in a telegram from one of the Associated Press Russian correspondents, the only correspondent with the retiring army. It presaged an attack from the rear.

The telegram, although dated Chaugtufu (forty miles north of Tie Pass) at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon, was sent from Kalyuan, thirty miles north of Tie Pass, and only reached St. Petersburg this morning.

Pass, and only reached St. Petersburg this morning.

It was very brief, saying simply that the army was retiring in good order and destroying the railroad as it went, but was constantly pressed by the Japanese, the rear guard action being continuous. There were ominous words in the concluding sentence, as follows: "We believe the Japanese are making a wide turning movement north, and that they are ready to fall upon us when we get out of the ring-like group of mountains which surround Tie Pass gorge."

In the long retreat at Harbin the Russians only have the advantage of the Mandarin road, so far as Kaiyuad, whence it bears eastward to Kirin, while the railroad continues north to marbin.

Forming New Army.

the railroad continues north to markin.

Forming New Army.

According to the general staff, however, a good wagon road runs parallel to the railroad. But for an army of a quarter of a million men, encumbered with impediments, with an active enemy relentiessly pursuing and operating on its danks, and the constant threat of the enemy closing the line of retreat, it is admitted that the single railroad and